

CLCA Tracked Bill Report 6/17/2022

[AB 84](#)

(Committee on Budget) Employment: COVID-19: supplemental paid sick leave.

Current Text: Amended: 2/2/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 12/7/2020

Status: 2/9/2022-Re-referred to Com. on B. & F.R.

Location: 2/9/2022-S. BUDGET & F.R.

Summary: Would, beginning January 1, 2022, until September 30, 2022, provide for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for covered employees who are unable to work or telework due to certain reasons related to COVID-19, including that the employee is attending a COVID-19 vaccine or vaccine booster appointment for themselves or a family member, or is experiencing symptoms, or caring for a family member experiencing symptoms, related to a COVID-19 vaccine or vaccine booster. The bill would entitle a covered employee to 40 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave if that employee either works full time or was scheduled to work, on average, at least 40 hours per week for the employer in the 2 weeks preceding the date the covered employee took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave. The bill would provide a different calculation for supplemental paid sick leave for a covered employee who is a firefighter subject to certain work schedule requirements and for a covered employee working fewer or variable hours, as specified.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[AB 87](#)

(Committee on Budget) Economic relief: COVID-19 pandemic.

Current Text: Amended: 2/2/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 12/7/2020

Status: 2/9/2022-Re-referred to Com. on B. & F.R.

Location: 2/9/2022-S. BUDGET & F.R.

Summary: Would create the California Emergency Relief Fund as a special fund in the State Treasury to provide emergency resources or relief relating to state of emergency declarations proclaimed by the Governor. The bill would transfer from the General Fund to the California Emergency Relief Fund \$150,000,000 for purposes relating to the COVID-19 emergency proclaimed by the Governor on March 4, 2020. The bill would appropriate \$150,000,000 from that fund to the Office of Small Business Advocate for a closed round to fund small business grant applications waitlisted from previous rounds of the California Small Business COVID-19 Relief Grant Program.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[AB 225](#)

(Gray D) Department of Consumer Affairs: boards: veterans: military spouses: licenses.

Current Text: Amended: 6/28/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/11/2021

Status: 7/14/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was B., P. & E.D. on 6/9/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 7/14/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires specified boards within the Department of Consumer Affairs to issue, after appropriate investigation, certain types of temporary licenses to an applicant if the applicant meets specified requirements, including that the applicant supplies evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant is married to, or in a domestic partnership or other legal union with, an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the United States who is assigned to a duty station in this state under official active duty military orders and the applicant holds a current, active, and unrestricted license that confers upon the applicant the authority to practice, in another state, district, or territory of the United States, the profession or vocation for which the applicant seeks a temporary license from the board. This bill would expand the eligibility for a temporary license to an applicant who meets the specified criteria and who supplies evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States within 60 months of separation from active duty under other than dishonorable conditions, a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States within 120 months of separation from active duty under other than dishonorable conditions and a resident of California prior to entering into military service, or an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the United States with official orders for separation within 90 days under other than dishonorable conditions.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[AB 363](#)

(Medina D) Carl Moyer Memorial Air Quality Standards Attainment Program.

Current Text: Amended: 7/5/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/1/2021

Status: 7/14/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was TRANS. on

6/28/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 7/14/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires the State Air Resources Board to establish or update grant criteria and guidelines for covered vehicle and infrastructure projects as soon as practicable, but not later than July 1, 2017. The state board's program guidelines describe the minimum criteria and requirements for on-road heavy-duty vehicles and the types of projects that can be incentivized to provide surplus emissions reductions from on-road heavy-duty vehicles through contracts or through the On-Road Heavy-Duty Voucher Incentive Program (VIP). The VIP guidelines allow for the early retirement of existing on-road heavy-duty vehicles, allowing these high-polluting vehicles to be replaced with newer, lower emission vehicles. The VIP guidelines further describe the minimum criteria and requirements for eligibility in the VIP, including, but not limited to, limiting the fleet size and vehicle weight class of eligible vehicles, excluding from program eligibility vehicles subject to the solid waste collection vehicle rule and the fleet rule for transit agencies, and prohibiting the leasing of replacement vehicles. This bill would require the state board, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to develop project grant criteria and guidelines for a new On-Road Heavy-Duty Vehicle Incentive Program (VIP2) that shall provide additional incentives for projects eligible for program funding that are deployed in disadvantaged communities, as provided, and in low-income communities, as defined.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 399 **(Salas D) The Medical Provider Network Transparency Act of 2022.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/23/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/3/2021

Status: 5/24/2022-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 5/4/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: Current law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of employment. Current law also establishes the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board (appeals board) to exercise all judicial powers vested in it, including workers' compensation proceedings for the recovery of compensation. Current law authorizes an insurer, employer, or entity that provides physician network services to establish or modify a medical provider network for providing medical treatment to injured employees and imposes various duties upon the insurer, employer, or entity in connection with the network. Current law requires every medical provider network to post on its internet website a roster of all treating physicians in the medical provider network and requires every network to provide to the administrative director the internet website address of the network and of its roster of treating physicians. Current law requires an insurer, employer, or entity that provides physician network services to submit a plan for the medical provider network to the administrative director for approval. Current law requires the administrative director to adopt a medical treatment utilization schedule. Current law authorizes the administrative director to investigate complaints and to conduct random reviews of approved medical provider networks. Current law permits a medical provider to request an independent bill review for disputes relating to the amount of payment and authorizes the imposition of fees for this purpose, as specified. This bill, the Medical Provider Network Transparency Act of 2022, would limit the independent bill review fee for the independent bill review organization to determine the eligibility of a request to \$50 and would authorize additional fees, as specified, for a request that is reviewable. If the independent bill review organization finds that an employer owes the medical provider, the bill would require the independent bill review organization to bill the employer for the additional review fees, as specified.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 402 **(Wicks D) Office of the Claimant Advocate and Stakeholder Advisory Group.**

Current Text: Amended: 8/26/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/3/2021

Status: 9/10/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/1/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 9/10/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would establish the Office of the Claimant Advocate, within the Employment Development Department, and would make the office responsible for protecting Californians' rights in seeking benefits administered by the department, including unemployment insurance, disability insurance, and paid family leave. The bill would require the office to conduct several activities to provide non-claim-specific assistance to claimants, including, but not limited to, upholding the Claimant's Bill of Rights, as specified, establishing and implementing a system that allows claimants to learn about and report violations of their rights to the office, and assisting claimants in resolving those violations, as provided.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 404 **(Salas D) Workers' compensation: medical-legal expenses: fee schedule.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/22/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/3/2021

Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/5/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Under current law, fees for medical-legal evaluations are charged at a rate not to exceed a physician's regular fee, or the fee schedule set by the administrative director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, whichever is lower. Current law requires that the schedule set fees for procedures according to relative values and a conversion factor, allowing for modifiers, as specified. Current law requires the medical-legal fee schedule to be revised at the same time the fee schedule for medical treatment is revised. This bill would require that the medical-legal fee schedule be reviewed every 2 years, and updated if necessary, to increase the conversion factor by the percentage increase in the most recent federal Medicare Economic Index.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 646](#) **(Low D) Department of Consumer Affairs: boards: expunged convictions.**

Current Text: Amended: 1/24/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/12/2021

Status: 5/4/2022-Referred to Coms. on B., P. & E.D. and PUB. S.

Location: 5/4/2022-S. B., P. & E.D.

Summary: Current law establishes the Department of Consumer Affairs, which is composed of various boards, and authorizes a board to suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued. The Medical Practice Act provides for the licensure and regulation of the practice of medicine by the Medical Board of California and requires the board to post certain historical information on current and former licensees, including felony and certain misdemeanor convictions. Current law requires the Medical Board of California, upon receipt of a certified copy of an expungement order from a current or former licensee, to post notification of the expungement order and the date thereof on its internet website. This bill would require a board within the department that has posted on its online license search system that a person's license was revoked because the person was convicted of a crime, within 90 days of receiving an expungement order for the underlying offense from the person, if the person reapplies for licensure or is relicensed, to post notification of the expungement order and the date thereof on its online license search system.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 857](#) **(Kalra D) Employers: Labor Commissioner: required disclosures.**

Current Text: Amended: 8/25/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2021

Status: 9/10/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/9/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 9/10/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires an employer to provide an employee, at the time of hiring, a written notice including specified information in the language the employer normally uses to communicate employment-related information to the employee. Current law requires the Labor Commissioner to prepare a template that includes the specified information mentioned above and to make the template available to employers in the manner as determined by the commissioner. This bill would require an employer to include in their written notice to all employees, specified information required in the event of a federal or state declared disaster or applicable to the county or counties in which the employee will be employed.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 915](#) **(Chiu D) Small and disadvantaged business enterprises.**

Current Text: Amended: 7/5/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2021

Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/16/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires each state agency that significantly regulates or impacts small business to designate at least one person to serve as a small business liaison for the agency. Current law requires the small business liaison to be responsible for, among other things, receiving and responding to complaints received by the agency from small businesses and assisting in ensuring that the procurement and contracting processes of the entity are administered in order to meet or exceed the goal of 25% small business participation. This bill would also require the small business liaison to

develop an "economic equity first" action plan and policy for the agency to provide, among other things, direction, recommendations, and strategies as to how to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises are effectively involved and benefiting from the procurement process of the agency.

Position **Priority**

Watch

AB 1001 **(Garcia, Cristina D) Environment: mitigation measures for air quality impacts: environmental justice.**

Current Text: Amended: 3/22/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Status: 6/14/2022-In committee: Set, second hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 5/4/2022-S. E.Q.

Summary: The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would require mitigation measures, identified in an environmental impact report or mitigated negative declaration to mitigate the adverse effects of a project on air quality of a disadvantaged community, to include measures for avoiding, minimizing, or otherwise mitigating for the adverse effects on that community. The bill would require mitigation measures to include measures conducted at the project site that avoid or minimize to less than significant the adverse effects on the air quality of a disadvantaged community or measures conducted in the affected disadvantaged community that directly mitigate those effects.

Position **Priority**

Watch

AB 1041 **(Wicks D) Employment: leave.**

Current Text: Amended: 9/3/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Status: 9/10/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/9/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 9/10/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would expand the population that an employee can take leave to care for to include a designated person. The bill would define "designated person" to mean a person identified by the employee at the time the employee requests family care and medical leave. The bill would authorize an employer to limit designation of a person, as prescribed.

Position **Priority**

Oppose

2

AB 1072 **(Reyes D) Small businesses: technical assistance: public contracts.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/24/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. on 7/6/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would relocate the Small Business Technical Assistance Expansion Program within the Office of Small Business Advocate, under the direction of the Small Business Advocate. The bill would expand underserved business groups to be prioritized to include disadvantaged business enterprises. The bill would additionally require the use of state funds provided pursuant to the program to support a range of programs and services delivered through one or more small business technical assistance centers, as specified. The bill would also authorize the use of state funds provided pursuant to the program for certain purposes relating to small business technical assistance. The bill would extend the repeal date to January 1, 2026.

Position **Priority**

Watch

AB 1106 **(Cervantes D) Employment Training Panel: pilot program: employment training needs.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/28/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/15/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law establishes the California Community Colleges Economic and Workforce Development Program with the purpose of, among other things, using labor market information to advise the Chancellor's Office of the California Community Colleges and regional community college

bodies on the workforce needs of the state's competitive and emerging industry sectors, and collaborating and coordinating investment with other state, regional, or local agencies involved in education and workforce training in California. This bill, upon appropriation by the Legislature, would require the Employment Training Panel to establish a pilot program to serve the employment training needs of small businesses. The bill would require the program to leverage the capacity of the existing statewide network of community college contract education centers operating with multiple employer contracts. The bill would require the Employment Training Panel to develop the pilot program to achieve specified purposes, including strengthening the linkages between higher education institutions and employers.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1148 **(Daly D) Workers' compensation insurance reporting.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Status: 7/14/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 5/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 7/14/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law generally regulates classes of insurance, including workers' compensation insurance. Current law requires a licensed rating organization to establish and maintain an internet website to assist a person in determining if an employer is insured for workers' compensation. Current law required the Insurance Commissioner to review and evaluate the establishment and operation of the internet website, assess whether the internet website is achieving its purpose, and report the findings to specified legislative and executive entities no later than July 1, 2013. This bill would require the commissioner to review and evaluate the operation of a licensed rating organization's internet website and assess whether the internet website is achieving its purpose at least every 5 years, beginning in 2023.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1465 **(Reyes D) Workers' compensation: medical provider networks study.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/26/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Status: 7/14/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 6/16/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 7/14/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation, on or before January 1, 2023, to submit a study to the Legislature, the committees of the Senate and Assembly with jurisdiction over workers' compensation, and the Division of Workers' Compensation on delays and access to care issues in medical provider networks. The bill would require the study to compare specified data for injury claims in which a worker was treated by a medical provider network to that data for injury claims in which a worker was treated by a provider who is not part of a medical provider network.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1632 **(Weber, Akilah D) Restroom access: medical conditions.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/21/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/11/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-Action rescinded whereby the bill was referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 6/9/2022-S. B., P. & E.D.

Summary: Would, if certain conditions are met, require a place of business open to the general public for the sale of goods that has a toilet facility for its employees to allow any individual who is lawfully on the premises of that place of business to use that toilet facility during normal business hours, even if the place of business does not normally make the employee toilet facility available to the general public. A willful or grossly negligent violation of this requirement would be a civil penalty, not exceeding \$100 per violation, without creating or implying a private right of action.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1637 **(Cooper D) Criminal profiteering: asset forfeiture: unemployment and disability insurance fraud.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/2/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/12/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 5/18/2022-S. PUB. S.

Summary: The California Control of Profits of Organized Crime Act provides the procedure for the forfeiture of property and proceeds acquired through a pattern of criminal profiteering activity, as specified. Under current law, criminal profiteering activity is defined as certain acts or threats made for financial gain or advantage that may be charged as specified crimes, including, among others, offenses relating to insurance fraud. This bill would include offenses relating to insurance fraud involving COVID-19 pandemic-related insurance programs administered by the Employment Development Department within the definition of criminal profiteering activity for the purposes of these provisions.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 1643](#) ([Rivas, Robert D](#)) **Labor and Workforce Development Agency: extreme heat: advisory committee study.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/15/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/12/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/14/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law establishes the Labor and Workforce Development Agency under the supervision of an executive officer known as the Secretary of Labor and Workforce Development. Current law requires the secretary to perform specified duties, including advising the Governor with respect to establishing major policy and program matters affecting each department, office, or other unit within the agency. Current law authorizes officers or employees within the agency to exercise powers designated to them by the secretary. This bill would require the agency, on or before July 1, 2023, to establish an advisory committee to study and evaluate the effects of extreme heat on California's workers, businesses, and the economy. The bill would require the committee to meet no less than quarterly, to consider how to define "extreme heat" in this context, and to make recommendations on how to improve the state's identification, tracking, and responses to these effects.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 1662](#) ([Gipson D](#)) **Licensing boards: disqualification from licensure: criminal conviction.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/27/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/18/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on PUB. S. (Ayes 11. Noes 0.) (June 13). Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Location: 6/14/2022-S. PUB. S.

Summary: Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of various professions and vocations by boards within the Department of Consumer Affairs. Current law authorizes a board to deny, suspend, or revoke a license on the grounds that the applicant or licensee has been subject to formal discipline, as specified, or convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the application is made, as specified. This bill would require a board to establish a process by which prospective applicants may request a preapplication determination as to whether their criminal history could be cause for denial of a completed application for licensure by the board. The bill would provide that the preapplication determination, among other things, may be requested by the prospective applicant at any time prior to the submission of an application and would require the board to include specified written information regarding the criteria used to evaluate criminal history and how the prospective applicant may challenge a denial by the board.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 1681](#) ([Daly D](#)) **Insurance: fraud prevention and detection.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/2/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/24/2022

Status: 6/2/2022-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. INS.

Summary: Current law authorizes the Insurance Commissioner or their designated deputy commissioner to convene meetings with insurance companies to discuss specific information concerning suspected, anticipated, or completed acts of insurance fraud. Current law protects a person sharing information pursuant to that authorization from civil liability for libel, slander, or any other relevant cause of action if the commissioner or their designated deputy commissioner is present at the meeting and advises meeting participants of guidelines to ensure compliance with federal and state antitrust laws, as specified, and if there is no fraud or malice on the part of the participants. This bill, instead, would authorize the commissioner or their designated deputy commissioner to convene meetings with representatives of insurance companies or representatives of self-insured employers to discuss specific information concerning suspected, anticipated, or completed acts of insurance fraud.

Position **Priority**

Watch

AB 1687 **(Seyarto R) California Emergency Services Act: Governor's powers: suspension of statutes and regulations.**

Current Text: Introduced: 1/24/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/24/2022

Status: 5/11/2022-Referred to Com. on G.O.

Location: 5/11/2022-S. G.O.

Summary: The California Emergency Services Act (CESA), among other things, authorizes the Governor to proclaim a state of emergency under certain circumstances and provides that a state of war emergency exists, with or without proclamation by the Governor, when specified conditions exist. During a state of war emergency or a state of emergency, the CESA authorizes the Governor to suspend any regulatory statute, or statute prescribing the procedure for the conduct of state business, or the orders, rules, or regulations of any state agency where the Governor determines and declares that strict compliance with any statute, order, rule, or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay the mitigation of the effects of the emergency. This bill would provide that the Governor may only suspend a statute or regulation during a state of emergency or state of war emergency, as described above, in connection with the specific conditions of emergency proclaimed by the Governor or state of war emergency, as applicable.

Position **Priority**

Watch

AB 1702 **(Levine D) Sales and Use Tax Law: exemptions: COVID-19 prevention and response goods.**

Current Text: Amended: 3/22/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/26/2022

Status: 3/23/2022-Re-referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.

Location: 2/3/2022-A. REV. & TAX

Summary: Current sales and use tax laws impose taxes on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state, and provides various exemptions from the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill would exempt from those taxes, until January 1, 2025, the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption of, COVID-19 prevention and response goods, as defined.

Position **Priority**

Watch

AB 1714 **(Cooper D) Excluded employees: binding arbitration.**

Current Text: Introduced: 1/26/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/26/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on JUD. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (June 13). Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. JUD.

Summary: The Bill of Rights for State Excluded Employees, permits, among other things, excluded employee organizations to represent their excluded members in their employment relations, including grievances, with the state. That law defines excluded employees as all managerial employees, confidential employees, supervisory employees, and specified employees of the Department of Personnel Administration, the Department of Finance, the Controller's office, the Legislative Counsel Bureau, the Bureau of State Audits, the Public Employment Relations Board, the Department of Industrial Relations, and the State Athletic Commission. This bill would enact the Excluded Employee Arbitration Act to permit an employee organization that represents an excluded employee who has filed certain grievances with the Department of Human Resources to request binding arbitration of the grievance if specified conditions are met.

Position **Priority**

Watch

AB 1747 **(Quirk D) Contractors: disciplinary action.**

Current Text: Introduced: 1/31/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/31/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 12. Noes 0.) (June 13). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/14/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Under current law, willful or deliberate disregard by a licensed contractor of various state building, labor, and safety laws constitutes a cause for disciplinary action by the board. Current law

provides for related disciplinary proceedings, requires the board to promulgate regulations covering the assessment of civil penalties under those disciplinary provisions, and authorizes a civil penalty not to exceed \$30,000 for specified violations. This bill would provide that the list of violations that constitute cause for a disciplinary action by the board includes a willful or deliberate disregard of any state or local law relating to the issuance of building permits, and would authorize a civil penalty not to exceed \$30,000 for any violation included on that above-specified list.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1751 **(Daly D) Workers' compensation: COVID-19: critical workers.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/1/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/1/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-Referred to Com. on L., P.E. & R.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: Current law defines "injury" for an employee to include illness or death resulting from the 2019 novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) under specified circumstances, until January 1, 2023. Existing law create a disputable presumption, as specified, that the injury arose out of and in the course of the employment and is compensable, for specified dates of injury. Current law requires an employee to exhaust their paid sick leave benefits and meet specified certification requirements before receiving any temporary disability benefits or, for police officers, firefighters, and other specified employees, a leave of absence. Existing law also make a claim relating to a COVID-19 illness presumptively compensable, as described above, after 30 days or 45 days, rather than 90 days. Current law, until January 1, 2023, allows for a presumption of injury for all employees whose fellow employees at their place of employment experience specified levels of positive testing, and whose employer has 5 or more employees. This bill would extend the above-described provisions relating to COVID-19 until January 1, 2025.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1757 **(Haney D) Groundwater sustainability agency.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/10/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/2/2022

Status: 6/1/2022-Referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. N.R. & W.

Summary: The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act requires all groundwater basins designated as high- or medium-priority basins by the Department of Water Resources that are designated as basins subject to critical conditions of overdraft to be managed under a groundwater sustainability plan or coordinated groundwater sustainability plans by January 31, 2020, and requires all other groundwater basins designated as high- or medium-priority basins to be managed under a groundwater sustainability plan or coordinated groundwater sustainability plans by January 31, 2022, except as specified. The act authorizes any local agency or combination of local agencies overlying a groundwater basin to decide to become a groundwater sustainability agency for that basin. Current law governs the formation of a groundwater sustainability agency. This bill would authorize a conservation district overlying a groundwater basin in this state to decide to become a groundwater sustainability agency for that basin and would make the law governing the formation of a groundwater sustainability agency applicable to that district.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1775 **(Ward D) Occupational safety: live events.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/3/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on JUD. (Ayes 4. Noes 0.) (June 13). Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 6/14/2022-S. JUD.

Summary: Would require a contracting entity, as defined, to require an entertainment events vendor to certify for their employees and employees of their subcontractors that those individuals have complied with specified training, certification, and workforce requirements, including that employees involved in setting up, tearing down, or the production of a live event at the venue have completed prescribed trainings of the United States Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration. The bill would impose a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each serious violation of those provisions, and would require the division to deposit those funds in the Occupational Safety and Health Fund.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 1787](#)

(Quirk D) Pesticide testing.

Current Text: Amended: 2/24/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/3/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2023, requires an employer to contract with a medical supervisor registered with the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to satisfy the employer’s responsibilities for medical supervision of employees who regularly handle pesticides, as provided. Until January 1, 2023, existing law requires a laboratory that performs tests ordered by a medical supervisor to report specified information to the Department of Pesticide Regulation, including the test results, the purpose of the test, and the name, address, and telephone number of the medical supervisor who ordered the analysis. This bill would extend those requirements to January 1, 2027, and, additionally, would require the laboratory to report the unique identifier of the person tested, as defined, the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the medical supervisor who ordered the analysis, and the accession number of the specimen.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 1805](#)

(Choi R) Unemployment: online information: Federal Unemployment Tax Act tax credit.

Current Text: Amended: 3/15/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/7/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law requires the Employment Development Department to make various types of information available on its internet website, including information about overpayments and information for victims of identity theft who receive incorrect tax forms. Current law authorizes the Director of Employment Development to apply for an advance to the Unemployment Fund and accept the responsibility for the repayment of the advance in accordance with the conditions specified in Title XII of the Social Security Act, as amended, to secure the advantages available under the provisions of that title. Existing law authorizes the federal government to make advances to the states from the federal unemployment account in the federal Unemployment Trust Fund and requires repayment of those advances, with interest, as specified. This bill would require the director to post on the homepage of the department’s internet website a hyperlink to information about the Federal Unemployment Tax Act tax credit.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 1820](#)

(Arambula D) Division of Labor Standards Enforcement: Labor Trafficking Unit.

Current Text: Amended: 3/29/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/7/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on PUB. S. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (June 8). Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. PUB. S.

Summary: Would establish within the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement the Labor Trafficking Unit, which would be required to coordinate with the Labor Enforcement Task Force, the Criminal Investigation Unit, the Department of Justice, and the Department of Fair Employment and Housing to combat labor trafficking. The bill would require the unit to receive and investigate complaints alleging labor trafficking and take steps to prevent labor trafficking. The bill would require the unit to coordinate with or refer cases to the Labor Enforcement Task Force or the Department of Fair Employment and Housing for potential civil actions, and to coordinate with or refer cases to the Department of Justice for potential criminal actions. The bill would require the unit to follow protocols to ensure survivors of labor trafficking are not victimized by the process of prosecuting traffickers and are informed of the services available to them.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 1854](#)

(Boerner Horvath D) Unemployment insurance: work sharing plans.

Current Text: Amended: 3/21/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/8/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2024, creates an alternative process for the submission and approval of employer work sharing plan applications. Current law requires the Director of Employment Development to accept an application to participate in, or renew participation in, the work sharing program that is submitted electronically and requires the Employment Development Department to create a portal on its internet website for the provision and receipt of these applications. For work

sharing plan applications submitted by eligible employers between September 15, 2020, and September 1, 2023, current law requires that, upon approval by the director, they be deemed approved for one year, except as specified. Current law requires the department to mail to an eligible employer a claim packet for each participating employee within 5 business days following approval of the application. Current law also requires the department, among other things, to make online claim forms available to the approved employer for each participating employee within 5 business days following approval of the application if an employer submitted its work sharing plan application online. This bill would extend these provisions indefinitely, and would require the department to accept electronic signatures on all work sharing plan documents.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1864 **(Gipson D) Income taxation: credits: small business employers.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/8/2022

Status: 5/2/2022-In committee: Hearing for testimony only.

Location: 3/24/2022-A. REV. & TAX

Summary: The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and before January 1, 2028, would allow a credit against those taxes to qualified small business employers in an amount equal to \$434 for each newly hired employee, as specified, whose permanent place of residence is within a 5-mile radius of the employee's primary worksite.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1879 **(Mathis R) California regional water quality control boards: unfounded or frivolous complaints.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/21/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/8/2022

Status: 6/6/2022-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. E.Q.

Summary: Current law authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board and the regional boards to hold hearings necessary for carrying out their duties, as specified. This bill would authorize a regional board to develop a plan or policy to address unfounded, as defined, or frivolous, as defined, complaints.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1902 **(Aguiar-Curry D) Resource conservation: resource conservation districts.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/9/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/9/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on N.R. & W. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (June 15). Re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Location: 6/15/2022-S. N.R. & W.

Summary: Current law establishes the Department of Conservation and requires it to provide soil conservation advisory services to local governments, land owners, farmers and ranchers, resource conservation districts, and the general public, as provided. This bill would delete this provision.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 1920 **(Fong D) Income taxes: credits: COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/3/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/9/2022

Status: 5/4/2022-Re-referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.

Location: 3/24/2022-A. REV. & TAX

Summary: The Personal Income Tax Law and Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. Existing law establishes the continuously appropriated Tax Relief and Refund Account and provides that specified payments required to be made to taxpayers, including refunds, are to be paid from that account. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2023, would allow a credit against the taxes imposed by those laws to specified employers for the amount paid by the employer as COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave benefits. The bill would require amounts of this credit in excess of the tax liability of a nonprofit organization that is authorized to claim the credit to be paid to the nonprofit organization from the Tax Relief and Refund Account. The bill would require the refunded amount to be used only by the nonprofit organization to make its employer contributions to the Unemployment Fund, as specified.

Position **Priority**

Watch

[AB 1949](#) (Low D) Employees: bereavement leave.

Current Text: Amended: 3/30/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/10/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-Referred to Coms. on JUD. and L., P.E. & R.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. JUD.

Summary: The California Family Rights Act, which is a part of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, makes it an unlawful employment practice for an employer, as defined, to refuse to grant a request by an eligible employee to take up to 12 workweeks of unpaid protected leave during any 12-month period for family care and medical leave, as specified. This bill would additionally make it an unlawful employment practice for an employer to refuse to grant a request by an eligible employee to take up to 5 days of bereavement leave upon the death of a family member, as defined. The bill would require that leave be completed within 3 months of the date of death. The bill would require that leave be taken pursuant to any existing bereavement leave policy of the employer.

Position	Priority
Oppose	3

[AB 2035](#) (Villapudua D) Taxation: credits: California New Employment Credit.

Current Text: Amended: 3/29/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/14/2022

Status: 4/4/2022-In committee: Hearing for testimony only.

Location: 2/24/2022-A. REV. & TAX

Summary: The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before January 1, 2026, a credit to a qualified taxpayer that hires a qualified full-time employee within a designated census tract or economic development area and that receives a tentative credit reservation for that qualified full-time employee. For the purposes of that credit, a qualified full-time employee is defined as an individual who meets certain requirements and satisfies at least one of two specified conditions relating to the number of hours the employee works and is paid. For purposes of that credit, certain employers that are primarily engaged in certain services, including food services, are excluded from claiming the credit. For purposes of that credit, current law defines qualified wages for areas in and outside of a designated pilot area and provides areas that may be designated as a designated pilot area are limited to areas within a designated census tract or an economic development area with average wages less than the statewide average wages, as described, and areas within a designated census tract or an economic development area based on high poverty or high unemployment. Current law requires the Franchise Tax Board to determine the aggregate tentative reservation amount and the aggregate small business tentative reservation amount for a calendar year. This bill would make various changes to the above-described credit, including expanding the definition of qualified taxpayer by permitting a taxpayer that is primarily engaged in certain services, including food services, to claim the credit.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[AB 2058](#) (O'Donnell D) Career technical education: California Career Technical Education Incentive Grant Program: Strong Workforce Program.

Current Text: Amended: 5/23/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/14/2022

Status: 6/16/2022-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. ED.

Summary: Current law establishes the California Career Technical Education Incentive Grant Program, administered by the State Department of Education, with the purpose of encouraging, maintaining, and strengthening the delivery of high-quality career technical education programs. Current law provides, for the 2021–22 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter, that \$300,000,000 shall be available to the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the program. Current law requires an applicant to demonstrate a proportional dollar-for-dollar match and sets that amount for the 2021–22 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, at \$2 for every \$1 received from the program. Existing law prohibits an applicant from being awarded an amount higher than the amount that the allocation formula determines them to be eligible to receive under the program. This bill instead would provide, for the 2022–23 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, that \$450,000,000 shall be made available to the department upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the program.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[AB 2105](#) (Smith R) Contractors: initial license fee reduction: veterans.

Current Text: Amended: 5/31/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/14/2022

Status: 6/6/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on M. & V.A. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 12. Noes 0.) (June 6). Re-referred to Com. on M. & V.A.

Location: 6/6/2022-S. M. & V.A.

Summary: The Contractors State License Law provides for the licensing and regulation of contractors by the Contractors State License Board, which is within the department. Existing law authorizes the board to set fees by regulation, according to a prescribed schedule. This bill would require the board to grant a 50% fee reduction for an initial license or registration fee to an applicant who provides specified documentation to the board that the applicant is a veteran who has served as an active duty member of the United States Armed Forces, including the National Guard or Reserve components, and was not dishonorably discharged.

Position	Priority
Watch	

AB 2129 (Carrillo D) Employment Development Department: recession plan.

Current Text: Amended: 4/5/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (June 8). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law requires the Employment Development Department to develop and implement a recession plan to prepare for an increase in unemployment insurance compensation benefits claims due to an economic recession, and to provide copies of the recession plan and updates to specified legislative committees and to the Department of Finance. This bill would require the recession plan to include a summary of the actions taken by the Employment Development Department to implement recommendations contained in the recession plan previously provided to specified legislative committees and the Department of Finance.

Position	Priority
Watch	

AB 2133 (Medina D) Wages: final payments.

Current Text: Amended: 3/23/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/2/2022-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 5/25/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: Current law generally requires that if an employer discharges an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge are due and payable immediately. Under current law, an employer who lays off a group of seasonal employees, as specified, is deemed to have made immediate payment of the employees' wages if the wages are paid within a reasonable time as may be necessary for their computation and payment, provided that the time may not exceed 72 hours. This bill would reduce the time limit on the payment of wages, as described above, to 48 hours.

Position	Priority
Watch	

AB 2142 (Gabriel D) Income taxes: exclusion: turf replacement water conservation program.

Current Text: Amended: 4/6/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (June 15). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/15/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law provides an exclusion from gross income for any amount received as a rebate or voucher from a local water or energy agency or supplier for the purchase or installation of a water conservation water closet, energy efficient clothes washers, and plumbing devices, as specified. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2027, under the Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law, provide an exclusion from gross income for any amount received as a rebate, voucher, or other financial incentive issued by a public water system, as defined, local government, or state agency for participation in a turf replacement water conservation program.

Position	Priority
Support	3

AB 2146 (Bauer-Kahan D) Neonicotinoid pesticides: prohibited nonagricultural use.

Current Text: Amended: 6/9/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2024, the sale, possession, or use of neonicotinoid pesticides, as defined, except for use on an agricultural commodity, as defined. The bill would authorize the director, in consultation with the Department of Food and Agriculture, to authorize, by written order, the sale, possession, or use of these prohibited pesticides if the director finds that it would address a valid environmental emergency and there are no other, less harmful alternatives, as specified, and would require the director to make reasonable efforts to inform the public of an environmental emergency finding. The bill would provide that these provisions do not apply to specified products and applications of these pesticides. Because a violation of these provisions and the regulations adopted pursuant to these provisions would be a misdemeanor, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2148 (Calderon D) Workers' compensation: disability payments.

Current Text: Amended: 3/7/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (June 8). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of the employee's employment. Current law governs temporary and permanent disability indemnity payments. Current law, until January 1, 2023, allows an employer to commence a program under which disability indemnity payments are deposited in a prepaid card account for employees. This bill would extend the authorization to deposit indemnity payments in a prepaid card account until January 1, 2024.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2164 (Lee D) Disability access: certified access specialist program: funding.

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on JUD. (Ayes 14. Noes 0.) (June 14). Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 6/14/2022-S. JUD.

Summary: Current law requires the State Architect to establish and publicize a program for voluntary certification by the state of any person who meets specified criteria as a certified access specialist (CASp), as provided. Current law, on and after January 1, 2018, and until December 31, 2023, inclusive, requires any applicant for an original or renewal of a local business license or equivalent instrument or permit to pay an additional fee of \$4 for that license, instrument, or permit, or in any city, county, or city and county that does not issue a business license or an equivalent instrument or permit, existing law requires an applicant for a building permit to pay an additional fee of \$4, to be collected by the city, county, or city and county that issued the license, instrument, or permit for specified purposes related to disability access, including the CASp program. Commencing January 1, 2024, that fee is reduced to \$1. Current law requires a portion of those fees to be deposited in the Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund. This bill would repeal the provision reducing the fee to \$1 commencing January 1, 2024, thereby extending the operation of this fee at the amount of \$4 indefinitely. By expanding the increased fee deposited into the Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund, this bill would make an appropriation.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2183 (Stone D) Agricultural labor relations.

Current Text: Amended: 3/24/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/1/2022-Referred to Coms. on L., P.E. & R. and JUD.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: The Alatorre-Zenovich-Dunlap-Berman Agricultural Labor Relations Act of 1975 grants agricultural employees the right to form and join labor organizations and engage in collective bargaining with respect to wages, terms of employment, and other employment conditions, and authorizes employees to elect exclusive bargaining representatives for these purposes. Current law creates the Agricultural Labor Relations Board (board) and prescribes its composition, duties, and powers. Current law authorizes the board to hold hearings and conduct investigations and requires that certain procedures be the exclusive method of redressing unfair labor practices. Under existing law, any person who willfully resists, prevents, or interferes with a member of the board or its agents or agencies in the performance of their duties is guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would authorize a

labor organization to obtain an employer's employee list from the board upon providing written notice, as specified, to the appropriate regional office of the board of an intention to organize the agricultural employees of the same employer, accompanied by proof of service of the notice upon the employer. The bill would require the regional office to inform the employer of the date and time of the filing of the notice. The bill would require an employer to submit an employee list to the regional office within 5 days from the date of filing of the notice of intention to organize and, if the employer contends that the unit named in the notice is inappropriate, the bill would require the employer to submit written arguments to support its contention.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[AB 2188](#) (Quirk D) Discrimination in employment: use of cannabis.

Current Text: Amended: 6/13/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/13/2022-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. JUD.

Summary: The California Fair Employment and Housing Act, protects and safeguards the right and opportunity of all persons to seek, obtain, and hold employment without discrimination, abridgment, or harassment on account of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or military and veteran status. The act prohibits various forms of employment discrimination and empowers the Department of Fair Employment and Housing to investigate and prosecute complaints alleging unlawful practices. This bill would also make it unlawful for an employer to discriminate against a person in hiring, termination, or any term or condition of employment, or otherwise penalize a person, if the discrimination is based upon the person's use of cannabis off the job and away from the workplace, except for preemployment testing, as specified, or upon an employer-required drug screening test that has found the person to have nonpsychoactive cannabis metabolites in their urine, hair, or bodily fluids. The bill would exempt certain applicants and employees from the bill's provisions, including employees performing work associated with construction and applicants and employees in positions requiring a federal background investigation or clearance, as specified.

Position	Priority
Oppose	3

[AB 2243](#) (Garcia, Eduardo D) Occupational safety and health standards: heat illness: wildfire smoke.

Current Text: Amended: 6/15/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on L., P.E. & R.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: The Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board, an independent entity within the Department of Industrial Relations, has the exclusive authority to adopt occupational safety and health standards within the state. Current law, the California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 (OSHA), requires employers to comply with certain safety and health standards, as specified, and charges the division with enforcement of the act. Under OSHA, certain knowing, negligent, or willful violations of safety and health standards are punishable as a misdemeanor. The current Maria Isabel Vasquez Jimenez heat illness standard provides for the prevention of heat-related illness of employees in outdoor places of employment, as prescribed. There is also an existing standard for workplace protection from wildfire smoke. This bill would require the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, before December 1, 2025, to submit to the standards board a rulemaking proposal to consider revising the heat illness standard and wildfire smoke standard. The bill would require the division, in preparing the proposed regulations, to consider revising the heat illness standard to include an ultrahigh heat standard for employees in outdoor places of employment for heat in excess of 105 degrees Fahrenheit, as prescribed, and require employers to distribute copies of the Heat Illness Prevention Plan, as provided.

Position	Priority
Oppose	2

[AB 2314](#) (Petrie-Norris D) State-guaranteed commercial financial products for small businesses: Small Business Expansion Fund and Capital Access Loan Program.

Current Text: Amended: 6/14/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on B., P. & E.D.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. B., P. & E.D.

Summary: Current law establishes within the California Infrastructure and Economic Development

Bank the California Small Business Finance Center and authorizes the center to administer programs to assist businesses seeking new capital resources, including a program referred to as the Small Business Loan Guarantee Program, which guarantees loans offered by financial institutions and financial companies to small businesses, as provided, from the Small Business Expansion Fund. This bill would require a loan guarantee provided under the Small Business Loan Guarantee Program that is funded by the federal State Small Business Credit Initiative Act of 2010, as specified, be issued only if the lender certifies that the guaranteed loan meets specified conditions, including, among other things, that the final payoff amount of the guaranteed loan not vary based upon the source of the funds used to make the final payoff.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2378 (Irwin D) Income taxes: credit: employer: qualified wages.

Current Text: Amended: 4/28/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 5/19/2022-Joint Rule 62(a), file notice suspended. In committee: Held under submission.

Location: 5/18/2022-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: Would allow a credit against the Personal Income Tax Law and Corporation Tax Law for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and before January 1, 2028, in an amount, not to exceed \$30,000 per qualified taxpayer per taxable year, equal to 40% of the amount paid or incurred by a qualified taxpayer during the taxable year for qualified wages of qualified employees, not to exceed \$6,000 per qualified employee. The bill would define "qualified employee" to mean an employee who is hired on or after January 1, 2023, who is a vocational rehabilitation referral, qualified SSI recipient, or qualified SSDI recipient, and who was not an employee of the qualified taxpayer in the previous 5 taxable years.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2431 (Committee on Banking and Finance) Business entities: statement of information: requirements.

Current Text: Amended: 6/9/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on L., P.E. & R.

Location: 5/31/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: The California Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, beginning January 1, 2022, or upon certification by the Secretary of State that California Business Connect is implemented, whichever is earlier, requires every limited liability company and every foreign limited liability company registered to transact intrastate business in California to deliver to the Secretary of State within a specified timeframe a statement of information, as prescribed. Current law requires the statement of information to contain, among other things, a statement indicating whether any officer or any director, or, in the case of a limited liability company, any member or any manager, has an outstanding final judgment issued by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement or a court of law, for which no appeal therefrom is pending, for the violation of any wage order or provision of the Labor Code. This bill, in the above-described circumstances, would instead require for a manager-managed limited liability company or a manager-managed foreign limited liability company, a statement indicating whether any manager has an outstanding final judgment issued by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement or a court of law, from which no appeal therefrom is pending, for a violation of any wage order or provision of the Labor Code.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2448 (Ting D) Civil rights: businesses: discrimination and harassment: customers: third parties.

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-Referred to Coms. on JUD. and L., P.E. & R.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. JUD.

Summary: The California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) establishes the Department of Fair Employment and Housing within the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency and sets forth its powers and duties relating to enforcement of civil rights laws with respect to housing and employment and to protect and safeguard the right of all persons to obtain and hold employment without discrimination based on specified characteristics or status. Existing law prohibits an employer and other specified entities from harassing an employee, an applicant, an unpaid intern or volunteer, or a person providing services pursuant to a contract, because of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or veteran or military status, if the entity, or its agents or supervisors, knows or should have known of that conduct and

failed to take immediate and appropriate corrective action. This bill would require a business to address the harassment, defined as words, gestures, or actions directed at a specific person without the consent of the person on account of any characteristics listed in the Unruh Civil Rights Act, of customers on its premises, including harassment by a third party, by, among other things, posting a sign provided by the department that informs customers of their rights at a business and how to report incidents of harassment.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2451 (Wood D) State Water Resources Control Board: drought planning.

Current Text: Amended: 6/13/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/13/2022-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. N.R. & W.

Summary: Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to establish a Drought Section within the Division of Water Rights, as specified. The bill would require the state board, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, to adopt principles and guidelines for diversion and use of water in coastal watersheds, as specified, during times of water shortage for drought preparedness and climate resiliency. The bill would require that the principles and guidelines provide for the development of watershed-level contingency plans to support public trust uses, public health and safety, and the human right to water in times of water shortage, among other things. The bill also would require the state board, prior to adopting those principles and guidelines, to allow for public comment and hearing, as provided. The bill would require the state board to adopt those principles and guidelines no later than March 31, 2024.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2524 (Kalra D) Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority: employee relations.

Current Text: Amended: 3/24/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-Referred to Coms. on L., P.E. & R. and JUD.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: Current law authorizes the Public Employment Relations Board (PERB) to adopt rules and regulations to carry out its purposes, as provided. Current law creates the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority with various powers and duties relative to transportation projects and services and the operation of public transit in the County of Santa Clara. Under existing law, the authority's employees have the right to self-organization, to form, join, or assist labor organizations, to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, and to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection. Current law requires that any question as to whether a majority of authority employees desire to be represented by a labor organization be submitted to PERB, as specified. This bill would vest PERB with jurisdiction to enforce certain provisions related to the authority's employees, over charges of unfair practices for represented authority employees, and over the initial determination as to whether those charges are justified and, if so, the appropriate remedies. The bill would require that PERB's regulations apply, as appropriate, to the authority, and authorize PERB to make additional emergency regulations applicable to the authority.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2611 (Daly D) California family-owned businesses.

Current Text: Amended: 3/24/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Location: 6/15/2022-S. THIRD READING

Summary: Current law authorizes state and local entities to regulate businesses within their jurisdiction. Current law provides various definitions for purposes of the Government Code. This bill would define a California family-owned business for purposes of any provision of the Government Code that explicitly references the definition. The bill would provide legislative findings and declarations regarding California family-owned businesses.

Position **Priority**
Watch

AB 2614 (Rodriguez D) Workers' compensation: labor contractors.

Current Text: Amended: 4/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 0.) (June 13). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/14/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: Current law establishes within the Department of Industrial Relations the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation to examine the workers' compensation system and authorizes the commission to conduct or contract for studies. This bill would require the commission to report to the Legislature, on or before January 1, 2024, any widespread issues or instances of client employers or labor contractors, as defined, being used to shift workers' compensation responsibility away from those employers who control jobsite risk to employees, among other things.

Position	Priority
Watch	

AB 2693 **(Reyes D) COVID-19: exposure.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 1.) (June 8). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: The California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 authorizes the Division of Occupational Safety and Health to prohibit the performance of an operation or process, or entry into that place of employment when, in its opinion, a place of employment, operation, or process, or any part thereof, exposes workers to the risk of infection with COVID-19, so as to constitute an imminent hazard to employees. Current law requires a notice of the prohibition to be posted in a conspicuous location at the place of employment and makes violating the prohibition or removing the notice, except as specified, a crime. Current law requires that the prohibition be issued in a manner so as not to materially interrupt the performance of critical governmental functions essential to ensuring public health and safety functions or the delivery of electrical power, renewable natural gas, or water. Current law requires that these provisions not prevent the entry or use, with the division's knowledge and permission, for the sole purpose of eliminating the dangerous conditions. This bill would extend those provisions until January 1, 2025.

Position	Priority
Oppose	3

AB 2847 **(Garcia, Eduardo D) Unemployment: Excluded Workers Pilot Program.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-Referred to Coms. on L., P.E. & R. and JUD.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: Existing law authorizes the payment of unemployment compensation benefits and requires that they be made in accordance with regulations of the Director of Employment Development. Existing law prohibits payment of unemployment compensation benefits for services performed by a person who is not a citizen or national of the United States, unless that person is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time the services were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing the services, or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time the services were performed, as specified. The bill would prohibit the department from requesting or compelling certain information from individuals in connection with administering the program and would prohibit the department from retaining specified documents for longer than necessary to administer benefits. The bill would also prohibit, except as specified, disclosures of personal information, as defined. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position	Priority
Watch	

AB 2848 **(Santiago D) Workers' compensation: medical treatment.**

Current Text: Amended: 3/22/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/1/2022-Referred to Com. on L., P.E. & R.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: Current law requires the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation to adopt a medical treatment utilization schedule. Current law requires the administrative director to contract with an outside independent research organization to evaluate and report on the impact of the provision of medical treatment within the first 30 days after a claim is filed, for claims filed on or after January 1, 2017, until January 1, 2019. Current law requires the report to be completed before January 1, 2020, and to be distributed to the administrative director, the Senate Committee on Labor and Industrial Relations, and the Assembly Committee on Insurance. This bill would require the administrative director to contract with an outside independent research organization to evaluate and

report on the impact of the provision of medical treatment within the first 30 days after a claim is filed for those claims filed between January 1, 2017, and January 1, 2021. The bill would require the report to be completed before July 1, 2023.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 2849](#) **(Bonta, Mia D) The Promote Ownership by Workers for Economic Recovery Act.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-Referred to Coms. on L., P.E. & R. and JUD.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. L., P.E. & R.

Summary: Existing law authorizes and regulates the formation and operation of various corporations, including a nonprofit mutual benefit corporation. This bill would require the Secretary of Labor and Workforce Development (secretary) to organize, and members to maintain, a corporation under the Nonprofit Mutual Benefit Corporation Law named the "Association of Cooperative Labor Contractors" (association) or a substantially similar name. The bill would require the association to function as a membership organization for cooperative labor contractors, establish or grant membership to cooperative labor contractors, as defined, in specific industries, provide management and other business services to its members, and improve business conditions for member cooperative labor contractors. The bill would require the initial board of directors to be appointed by the Governor, Speaker of the Assembly, and President pro Tempore of the Senate. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 2894](#) **(Cooper D) Contractors: workers' compensation insurance.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-Referred to Com. on B., P. & E.D.

Location: 6/8/2022-S. B., P. & E.D.

Summary: The Contractors State License Law provides for the licensing and regulation of contractors by the Contractors State License Board within the Department of Consumer Affairs. Current law generally requires an applicant for a contractor's license or a licensee to have on file at all times a current and valid Certificate of Workers' Compensation Insurance or Certification of Self-Insurance, except as specified. Current law makes a violation of these provisions a misdemeanor. This bill would require the board to require a licensee to inform the board of their workers' compensation classification code, except as specified, and would require the board to post that information on its internet website.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 2916](#) **(McCarty D) Contractors: disclosure of letters of admonishment.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/20/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/6/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 10. Noes 0.) (June 6). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/6/2022-S. APPR.

Summary: The Contractors State License Law establishes the Contractors State License Board within the Department of Consumer Affairs and sets forth its powers and duties relating to the licensure and regulation of contractors. Current law requires the board, with the approval of the Director of Consumer Affairs, to appoint a registrar of contractors to serve as the executive officer and secretary of the board. Current law requires the registrar to disclose complaints against a licensee, except those complaints resolved in favor of the licensee. Current law requires complaints resolved by a letter of admonishment to be disclosed for a period of one year. This bill would instead require the disclosure period for complaints resolved by a letter of admonishment to be either one year or 2 years, as specified.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[AB 2974](#) **(Committee on Jobs, Economic Development, and the Economy) Small Business Procurement and Contract Act: federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act funding.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 3/22/2022

Status: 6/1/2022-Referred to Com. on G.O.

Location: 6/1/2022-S. G.O.

Summary: Would require each state agency, in order to encourage small business participation in new contracts over \$500,000 for the construction, alternation, demolition, repair or improvement of the state's infrastructure that is funded with proceeds from the federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Act), to establish a 25% small business participation goal in all contracts that the agency finances with these proceeds. The bill would prescribe federal enactments that are deemed to be federal revenues from the Act for purposes of these provisions. The bill would require a state agency to notify the agency's small business liaison beginning April 1, 2023, of any anticipated contracting opportunities that will be paid with funding from the Act during the 12 months following that date and require its small business liaison to provide information to small businesses regarding available training and technical assistance that could assist the business in identifying, understanding, and bidding on contracts for projects funded through the agency with funding from the Act, as specified.

Position **Priority**

Watch

SB 45 **(Portantino D) Short-lived climate pollutants: organic waste reduction goals: local jurisdiction assistance.**

Current Text: Amended: 1/3/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 12/7/2020

Status: 6/8/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To consent calendar. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (June 6). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/6/2022-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board, to adopt regulations to achieve the organic waste reduction goals established by the state board for 2020 and 2025, as provided. Current law requires the department, no later than July 1, 2020, and in consultation with the state board, to analyze the progress that the waste sector, state government, and local governments have made in achieving these organic waste reduction goals. This bill would require the department, in consultation with the state board, to provide assistance to local jurisdictions, including, but not limited to, any funding appropriated by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act, for purposes of assisting local agencies to comply with these provisions, including any regulations adopted by the department.

Position **Priority**

Watch

SB 58 **(Wilk R) Personal information: social security numbers: state agencies: Employment Development Department: fraud prevention.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/21/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 12/7/2020

Status: 9/10/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/7/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 9/10/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law prohibits a state agency from sending any outgoing United States mail to an individual that contains personal information about that individual, including, but not limited to, the individual's social security number, telephone number, driver's license number, or credit card account number, unless that personal information is contained within sealed correspondence and cannot be viewed from the outside of that sealed correspondence. Current law, commencing on or before January 1, 2023, prohibits a state agency from sending any outgoing United States mail that contains an individual's social security number unless the number is truncated to its last 4 digits or in specified circumstances. This bill would instead require, as soon as feasible, but not later than January 1, 2023, a state agency to stop sending any outgoing United States mail that contains an individual's social security number unless the number is truncated to its last 4 digits or in specified circumstances.

Position **Priority**

Support

3

SB 114 **(Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review) Employment: COVID-19: supplemental paid sick leave.**

Current Text: Chaptered: 2/9/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/8/2021

Status: 2/9/2022-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 4, Statutes of 2022.

Location: 2/9/2022-S. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would, beginning January 1, 2022, until September 30, 2022, provide for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for covered employees who are unable to work or telework due to certain reasons related to COVID-19, including that the employee is attending a COVID-19 vaccine or vaccine booster appointment for themselves or a family member, or is experiencing symptoms, or caring for a family member experiencing symptoms, related to a COVID-19 vaccine or vaccine booster. The bill would entitle a covered employee to 40 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave if that employee works full time or was scheduled to work, on average, at least 40 hours per week for the

Current Text: Amended: 7/6/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/12/2021

Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 8/27/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would establish the Unemployment Insurance Integrity Enforcement Program within the Department of Justice, administered by the Attorney General. The bill would require the Attorney General to establish a task force consisting of the Director of Employment Development and 5 members appointed by the Attorney General. The bill would require the task force to coordinate with local district attorneys and, when available and necessary, with the United States Attorney's Office to pursue available methods to recover improper benefit payments made from the department. The bill would require the task force, prior to pursuing any civil or criminal action, to prepare a cost-benefit analysis, as specified. The bill would make an appropriation by depositing funds recovered pursuant to the program into the continuously appropriated Unemployment Fund.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 463](#) (Dahle R) Water: landowner or water right holder right to modify, repair, or replace jointly used conduits.

Current Text: Amended: 1/10/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2021

Status: 3/18/2022-March 22 set for second hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 1/10/2022-A. W.,P. & W.

Summary: Current law declares that the general welfare requires that the water resources of the state be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable, that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented, and that the conservation of water is to be exercised with a view to the reasonable and beneficial use of water in the interest of the people and for the public welfare. This bill would authorize a landowner, where a conduit is constructed across or buried beneath the lands of 2 or more landowners, and the conduit is not under the control or management of any public agency or authority, to modify, repair, or replace, as defined, the conduit on or beneath their land if the modification, repair, or replacement is made in a manner that does not impede the flow of the water to any other water right holder receiving a benefit of the conduit.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 505](#) (Skinner D) Firearms: liability and insurance.

Current Text: Amended: 6/16/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2021

Status: 6/16/2022-Re-referred to Com. on JUD. From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 6/16/2022-A. JUD.

Summary: Would make a person who owns a firearm strictly civilly liable for each incidence of property damage, bodily injury, or death resulting from the use of their firearm. This bill would provide that strict liability does not apply if the owner of the firearm has reported their firearm to local law enforcement as lost or stolen prior to the damage, injury, or death. The bill would additionally require a person who owns a firearm to obtain and continuously maintain in full force and effect a homeowner's, renter's, auto, or gun liability insurance policy specifically covering losses or damages resulting from any negligent or accidental use of that firearm, including, but not limited to, death, injury, or property damage. This bill would require a person to keep written evidence of coverage in the place where a firearm is stored and to carry such evidence with them whenever transporting or otherwise possessing the firearm outside of the place where it is stored. The bill would require the person to present evidence of coverage to a peace officer when requested under specified circumstances.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 647](#) (Laird D) Public employment: appointment.

Current Text: Amended: 6/16/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Status: 6/16/2022-Re-referred to Com. on P.E. & R. From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on P.E. & R.

Location: 6/16/2022-A. P.E. & R.

Summary: The State Civil Service Act regulates employment with the state and vests in the Department of Human Resources all powers, duties, and authority necessary to operate the state civil service system in accordance with Article VII of the California Constitution, the Government Code, the merit principle, and applicable rules duly adopted by the State Personnel Board. Current law defines

"appointment" for purposes of the act as the offer to and acceptance by a person of a position in the state civil service. This bill, for appointments occurring on or after January 1, 2023, would define "appointment" to mean the date that a person begins work in a position in the state civil service.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 674 **(Durazo D) Public Contracts: workforce development: covered public contracts.**

Current Text: Amended: 8/30/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Status: 9/10/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/9/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 9/10/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require the Labor and Workforce Development Agency to create 2 programs, to be known as the California Jobs Plan Program and the United States Jobs Plan Program. The bill would require the programs to meet specified objectives, including supporting the creation and retention of quality, nontemporary full-time jobs, as specified, and the hiring of displaced workers and individuals facing barriers to employment. The bill would require, as a component of applications for covered public contracts, as defined, the creation of forms for each program that state the minimum numbers of proposed jobs that are projected to be retained and created if the applicant wins the covered public contract. These components of the application would be known as the California Jobs Plan and the United States Jobs Plan, which the bill would define.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 700 **(Durazo D) State Contract Act: High Road Employment Program.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/16/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Status: 6/16/2022-Read third time and amended. Ordered to third reading. Re-referred to Coms. on L. & E. and APPR. pursuant to Assembly Rule 77.2.

Location: 6/16/2022-A. L. & E.

Summary: The California Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act establishes the California Workforce Development Board as the body responsible for assisting the Governor in the development, oversight, and continuous improvement of California's workforce investment system and the alignment of the education and workforce investment systems to the needs of the 21st century economy and workforce. Current law tasks the board with developing standards, procedures, and criteria for defining high road workforce development and training partnerships. Current law, the State Contract Act, governs contracting between state agencies and private contractors, and sets forth requirements for the bidding, awarding, and overseeing of contracts for projects. Current law charges the Department of General Services, in the Government Operations Agency, with various administrative duties under the act. This bill would establish the High Road Employment Program within the Labor and Workforce Development Agency to assist state agencies in complying with specified High Road Employment Plan requirements and with appropriate planning, inclusive decision making, and fair disbursement of community and worker support resources.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 755 **(Roth D) Workforce development: training-related job placement: reporting.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/6/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Status: 6/9/2022-June 15 hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/2/2022-A. L. & E.

Summary: Under current law, the information obtained in the administration of the Unemployment Insurance Code is for the exclusive use and information of the Director of Employment Development in the discharge of the director's duties and is not open to the public. However, current law permits the use of the information for specified purposes, including to enable the California Workforce Development Board (board) and other entities to access any relevant quarterly wage data necessary for the evaluation and reporting of specified workforce program performance outcomes as required and permitted by various local, state, and federal laws, as specified. This bill would require the board and department to work collaboratively to measure and report on training-related job placement outcomes for individuals receiving job training services, as defined, provided through the workforce system, as provided. The bill would require, among other things, the board and department to develop plans to measure and collect various data relating to job training services, wages, and employment. The bill would require the board and department to summarize and provide an initial report of their findings to specified committees of the Legislature no later than July 1, 2025.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 931](#)

(Leyva D) Deterring union membership: violations.

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/7/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on P.E. & R. (Ayes 8. Noes 1.) (June 14). Re-referred to Com. on P.E. & R.

Location: 6/14/2022-A. P.E. & R.

Summary: Current law prohibits a public employer from deterring or discouraging public employees or applicants to be public employees from becoming or remaining members of an employee organization, authorizing representation by an employee organization, or authorizing dues or fee deductions to an employee organization. Current law generally vests jurisdiction over violations of these provisions in the Public Employment Relations Board. This bill would authorize an employee organization, as described, to bring a claim before the Public Employment Relations Board alleging that a public employer violated the above-described provisions.

Position **Priority**
Oppose

[SB 937](#)

(Ochoa Bogh R) Subpoenas: business records.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/7/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/7/2022

Status: 6/7/2022-June 14 set for first hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 5/27/2022-A. JUD.

Summary: Current law requires that subpoenas be served by delivering a copy personally, except as specified. This bill would additionally allow deposition subpoenas that command only the production of business records to be served by overnight delivery, facsimile transmission, or electronic means, as specified.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 951](#)

(Durazo D) Unemployment insurance: contribution rates: disability insurance: paid family leave: weekly benefit amount.

Current Text: Amended: 6/14/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/9/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 5/27/2022-A. INS.

Summary: Current unemployment compensation disability law requires workers to pay contribution rates based on wages received in employment, for payment into the Unemployment Compensation Disability Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury. Current law authorizes the Director of Employment Development to increase or decrease the rate of worker contributions, up to a certain amount, if the director determines the adjustment is necessary to reimburse the Unemployment Compensation Disability Fund for disability benefits paid or estimated to be paid or to prevent the accumulation of funds in excess of those needed to maintain an adequate fund balance. Under current law, the remuneration of a worker over a specified amount is not subject to the contribution levels described above. Under current law, specifically, the worker contribution provision does not apply to that part of a worker's remuneration which is paid after remuneration with respect to employment equal to 4 times the maximum weekly benefit for each calendar year specified, multiplied by 13 and divided by 55%, has been paid to an individual by an employer. This bill would remove that limitation.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 954](#)

(Archuleta D) Public works: wages: electronic certified payroll records.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/9/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/9/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 1.) (June 15). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/15/2022-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law provides various requirements to which all public works projects are subject, including that each contractor and subcontractor must furnish payroll records to the Labor Commissioner, as specified. This bill would require the Department of Industrial Relations to establish an online database of electronic certified payroll records, which the bill would require to be accessible only to certain trust funds established under federal law and certain committees established under federal law, as specified. The bill would require that this electronic database contain only nonredacted information that may be provided to those trust funds and committees.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 1044](#) (Durazo D) Employers: state of emergency or emergency condition: retaliation.

Current Text: Amended: 6/13/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/13/2022-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on L. & E.

Location: 6/9/2022-A. L. & E.

Summary: Would prohibit an employer, in the event of a state of emergency or an emergency condition, as defined, from taking or threatening adverse action against any employee for refusing to report to, or leaving, a workplace within the affected area because the employee feels unsafe, except as specified. The bill would also prohibit an employer from preventing any employee, including employees of public entities, as specified, from accessing the employee's mobile device or other communications device for seeking emergency assistance, assessing the safety of the situation, or communicating with a person to confirm their safety. The bill would require an employee to notify the employer of the state of emergency or emergency condition requiring the employee to leave or refuse to report to the workplace, as specified. The bill would clarify that these provisions are not intended to apply when an official state of emergency remains in place but emergency conditions that pose an imminent and ongoing risk of harm to the workplace, the worker, or the worker's home have ceased.

Position	Priority
Oppose	2

[SB 1058](#) (Durazo D) Disability insurance: paid family leave: demographic data.

Current Text: Amended: 6/15/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 5/27/2022-A. INS.

Summary: Current law authorizes the Employment Development Department to administer the state disability insurance program, which provides for the partial compensation for the wage losses suffered by eligible individuals unemployed because of disability in the form of disability benefits. Current law establishes, within the state disability insurance program, a family temporary disability insurance program, also known as the paid family leave program, for the provision of wage replacement benefits to workers who take time off work to care for a seriously ill family member, to bond with a minor child within one year of birth or placement, or to participate in a qualifying exigency related to the covered active duty or call to covered active duty of the individual's spouse, domestic partner, child, or parent in the United States Armed Forces, as specified. Under current law, workers are required to pay contributions to the Unemployment Compensation Disability Fund, and those funds are continuously appropriated for the purpose of providing disability benefits and making payment of administrative expenses. This bill would require the department to collect demographic data for individuals who claim disability benefits under those programs, including race and ethnicity data. The bill would require the department to adopt and update demographic data collection standards, procedures, and processes to implement the bill, as prescribed. The bill would require the department, before finalizing those demographic data collection standards, procedures, and processes, to convene and consult with a workgroup, composed as prescribed, and provide for meaningful public input on the development and application of standards and the means by which program participants provide collected demographic data beyond minimum standards.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[SB 1115](#) (Skinner D) Department of Industrial Relations: annual survey: Women in Construction Priority Unit.

Current Text: Amended: 3/29/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (June 15). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/15/2022-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law provides that one of the functions of the Department of Industrial Relations is to foster, promote, and develop the welfare of the wage earners of California, to improve their working conditions, and to advance their opportunities for profitable employment. Current law, the Shelley-Maloney Apprentice Labor Standards Act of 1939, authorizes a joint apprenticeship committee, unilateral management or labor apprenticeship committee, or an individual employer to administer an apprenticeship program, as prescribed. Current law requires the department to conduct an annual survey of the ethnic derivation of the individuals who are parties to apprentice agreements pursuant to that provision. This bill would require the annual survey to additionally include the gender of the individuals who are parties to those apprentice agreements.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[SB 1126](#) (Cortese D) CalSavers: retirement savings.

Current Text: Amended: 5/9/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 1.) (June 15). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/15/2022-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law defines "eligible employer" for purposes of the CalSavers Retirement Savings Trust Act to mean a person or entity engaged in a business, industry, profession, trade, or other enterprise in the state, excluding specified federal, state, and local governmental entities, with 5 or more employees and that satisfies certain requirements to establish or participate in a payroll deposit retirement savings arrangement. This bill would expand that definition of "eligible employer" to include a person or entity, as described above, that has at least one eligible employee and that satisfies the requirements to establish or participate in a payroll deposit retirement savings arrangement, and would additionally exclude from the definition of "eligible employer" sole proprietorships, self-employed individuals, or other business entities that do not employ any individuals other than the owners of the business. By expanding eligibility under the act, the bill would remove a restriction limiting expenditure of funds and authorize the expenditure of continuously appropriated moneys for a new purpose, thereby making an appropriation.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[SB 1127](#) (Atkins D) Workers' compensation: liability presumptions.

Current Text: Amended: 6/13/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2022

Status: 6/13/2022-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 5/27/2022-A. INS.

Summary: Current law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries arising out of and in the course of their employment. Existing law requires an injured employee to file a claim form with the employer. Under existing law, except for specified injuries, if liability is not rejected within 90 days after the date the claim form is filed with the employer, the injury is presumed compensable and the presumption is rebuttable only by evidence discovered subsequent to the 90-day period. This bill would, for specified firefighters and peace officers claiming illness or injury related to cancer, increase the number of compensable weeks to 240 without limitation as to time from the date of injury.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[SB 1138](#) (Allen D) Unemployment insurance: report: self-employed individuals.

Current Text: Amended: 4/28/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2022

Status: 5/27/2022-Referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 5/27/2022-A. INS.

Summary: would require the Employment Development Department (EDD) to conduct a feasibility study, as specified, that examines the idea of extending unemployment insurance benefits to self-employed individuals and reports on what actions are necessary to implement the expansion. The bill would require the EDD to complete and submit the feasibility study to the Legislature and the Senate Committee on Labor, Public Employment and Retirement by December 1, 2023.

Position	Priority
Watch	

[SB 1155](#) (Caballero D) Liability claims: time-limited demands.

Current Text: Amended: 6/9/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 6/2/2022-A. JUD.

Summary: Current law provides for liability insurance to protect against loss resulting from liability for an injury suffered by a person or for damage to property. Current case law establishes obligations liability insurers have to the insured, including the duty to indemnify and the duty to defend. Current law limits damages for a breach of contract to damages proximately caused by or likely to result from the breach and requires these damages to be ascertainable in both their nature and origin. Current law provides that stipulations that are necessary to make a contract reasonable or conformable to usage but are not contrary to the contract's manifest intention are implied. Current case law allows for

extracontractual damages for a breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing where an insurer unreasonably refused to accept a settlement offer within the policy limits against the insured. Current law allows any party to serve an offer to allow judgment to be taken or an award to be entered in accordance with specified terms and conditions. If an offer made by the plaintiff is not accepted by the defendant and the defendant fails to obtain a more favorable judgment or award, the court or arbitration may require the defendant to pay a reasonable sum to cover plaintiff's postoffer expert witnesses' services, as specified, in addition to plaintiff's costs. This bill would provide a framework for parties to settle a liability claim using a "time-limited" demand, as specified. The bill would define "time-limited" demand as an offer to a tortfeasor to settle a cause of action or claim for personal or bodily injury, property damage, or wrongful death within the tortfeasor's liability insurance policy limits prior to the filing of a complaint or demand for arbitration.

Position **Priority**

Watch

SB 1162 **(Limón D) Employment: Salaries and Wages.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/14/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on L. & E. (Ayes 7. Noes 2.) (June 14). Re-referred to Com. on L. & E. From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on L. & E.

Location: 6/14/2022-A. L. & E.

Summary: Current law requires a private employer that has 100 or more employees and is required to file an annual Employer Information Report (EEO-1) pursuant to federal law to submit a pay data report to the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) that contains specified employee information on or before March 31, 2021, and on or before March 31 each year thereafter. Current law prescribes the information that must be included in the pay data report, including the number of employees by race, ethnicity, and sex in specified job categories. Current law requires employers with multiple establishments to submit a report for each establishment and a consolidated report that includes all employees. Existing law permits the DFEH to develop, publish on an annual basis, and publicize aggregate reports, provided that the aggregate reports are reasonably calculated to prevent the association of any data with any individual business or person. Current law provides that an employer is in compliance with the requirement that it submit a pay data report if it submits an EEO-1 to DFEH containing the same or substantially similar pay data information. Current law permits DFEH to seek an order requiring an employer to comply with these provisions and permits it to recover the costs associated with seeking the order for compliance. This bill would, instead, require a private employer that has 100 or more employees to submit a pay data report to DFEH.

Position **Priority**

Oppose

3

SB 1204 **(Wieckowski D) Fertilizing materials: biochar.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 3/2/2022-Referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/17/2022-S. RLS.

Summary: Current law generally regulates fertilizer materials and provides for the licensure of individuals who manufacture or distribute fertilizing materials. Current law defines various terms for the purpose of carrying out these provisions, including biochar, defined as materials derived from thermochemical conversion of biomass in an oxygen-limited environment containing at least 60% carbon. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to the definition of biochar.

Position **Priority**

Watch

SB 1237 **(Newman D) Licenses: military service.**

Current Text: Amended: 3/30/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/14/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on M. & V.A. with recommendation: To consent calendar. (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (June 14). Re-referred to Com. on M. & V.A.

Location: 6/14/2022-A. M. & V.A.

Summary: Current law provides for the regulation of various professions and vocations by boards within the Department of Consumer Affairs and for the licensure or registration of individuals in that regard. Current law authorizes any licensee or registrant whose license expired while the licensee or registrant was on active duty as a member of the California National Guard or the United States Armed Forces to reinstate the licensee's or registrant's license without examination or penalty if certain requirements are met. Current law requires the boards described above, with certain exceptions, to waive the renewal fees, continuing education requirements, and other renewal requirements as determined by the board, if any are applicable, of any licensee or registrant who is called to active duty as a member of the United States Armed Forces or the California National Guard if certain requirements

are met. Current law, except as specified, prohibits a licensee or registrant from engaging in any activities requiring a license while a waiver is in effect. This bill would define the phrase "called to active duty" to include active duty in the United States Armed Forces and on duty in the California National Guard, as specified.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1242 **(Committee on Insurance) Insurance.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/15/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 5/5/2022-A. INS.

Summary: Current law establishes a Fraud Division within the Department of Insurance to investigate fraudulent claims. Current law requires an insurer that reasonably believes or knows that a fraudulent claim is being made to send a prescribed form and additional information about the fraudulent claim to the Fraud Division within 60 days after determination by the insurer that the claim appears to be a fraudulent claim. This bill would instead require an insurer to send that form and information within 60 days after it that has determined, after the completion of an investigation, that it reasonably suspects or knows an act of insurance fraud may have occurred or might be occurring. The bill would require an agent or broker to use the electronic form within Fraud Division's Consumer Fraud Reporting Portal before placing an insurance application with an insurer to report if they reasonably suspect or know that a fraudulent application is being made.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1247 **(Hueso D) Franchises.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/8/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-Re-referred to Coms. on B. & P. and JUD. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.

Location: 6/9/2022-A. B.&P.

Summary: The California Franchise Relations Act sets forth certain requirements relating to the termination, nonrenewal, and transfer of franchises between a franchisor, subfranchisor, and franchisee, as those terms are defined. This bill would require a franchisor and its affiliated companies, within 120 days of the end of the franchisor's fiscal accounting year, to report to its California franchisees, upon their request, any moneys, goods, services, anything of value, or any other benefit from any other entity with whom the franchisee does business on account of that business.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1278 **(Cortese D) Labor statistics: annual report.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To consent calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (June 15). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/15/2022-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Industrial Relations to complete and publish an annual report containing statistics on state work injuries and occupational diseases and fatalities by industry classifications by December 31 of the following calendar year. This bill would require the department to submit the annual report to the Legislature and the Governor.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1321 **(Ochoa Bogh R) Public contracts: goods and services.**

Current Text: Amended: 4/27/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (June 15). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/15/2022-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of General Services to adopt, publish, and apply uniform standards of rating bidders, on the basis of questionnaires and required statements, with respect to contracts upon which each bidder is qualified to bid. Current law also requires all contracts entered into by any state agency for services to be rendered to the state to be approved by the department. Current law, except as specified, also requires state agencies to secure at least 3 competitive bids for proposals for each contract, as specified. Current law also authorizes contracts to

be awarded under a procedure that makes use of a request for proposal that includes, among other things, the standards the agency will use in evaluating proposals, as specified. This bill would require a state agency, in soliciting bids submitted under the provisions described above to address a need arising from a state of emergency declared by the Governor, to provide a mechanism for bidders to self-identify as a bidder whose headquarters are in California, whose principal place of business is in California, or whose headquarters are in the United States and who primarily manufacture their goods or provide their services in California.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1349 **(Caballero D) Taxation: credits: California New Employment Credit.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/13/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/13/2022-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.

Location: 6/9/2022-A. REV. & TAX

Summary: The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before January 1, 2026, a credit to a qualified taxpayer that hires a qualified full-time employee within a designated census tract or economic development area and that receives a tentative credit reservation for that qualified full-time employee. For purposes of that credit, a qualified taxpayer excludes specified employers, including employers that provide temporary help services, that provide retail trade services, or that are primarily engaged in providing food services and other specified services. For purposes of that credit, various requirements relating to work within those tracts or areas are further prescribed. For purposes of that credit, a qualified full-time employee is defined as an individual who meets certain requirements, including that they are, upon commencement of employment with the qualified taxpayer, unemployed, a veteran, an ex-offender previously convicted of a felony, or a recipient of CalWORKs, general assistance, or the federal earned income credit, as those requirements are further described. Existing law requires the Franchise Tax Board to determine the aggregate tentative reservation amount and the aggregate small business tentative reservation amount for a calendar year. This bill would remove, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, the requirement that the work performed by the qualified full-time employee be in a designated census tract or economic development area, and would make conforming and related changes to remove requirements relating to those tracts and areas. The bill would expand the definition of qualified full-time employee to also include an employee claimed by the qualified taxpayer during the taxable year, as described, for a federal work opportunity credit, as defined. The bill would also remove the exclusions from the definition of qualified taxpayer, except for sexually oriented businesses.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1351 **(Durazo D) California Youth Apprenticeship Program.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/9/2022-Referred to Com. on L. & E.

Location: 6/9/2022-A. L. & E.

Summary: Would establish the California Youth Apprenticeship Program for the purpose of awarding grant funds to eligible applicants to provide funding for existing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs or to develop new apprenticeship programs to serve a specified target population. The bill would define "target population" as individuals from 16 to 24 years of age who are at risk of disconnection or are disconnected from the education system or employment, unhoused, in the child welfare, juvenile justice, or criminal justice system, live in concentrated poverty, or face barriers to labor market participation, among other criteria. The bill would establish the Office of the California Youth Apprenticeship Program within the Division of Apprenticeship Standards to administer the program.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1354 **(Jones R) Design-build contracting: cities, counties, and cities and counties: compliance with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/8/2022-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (June 8). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 6/8/2022-A. APPR.

Summary: Would authorize a city, county, or city and county to use the design-build contracting process to award contracts for constructing projects that are necessary in order to comply with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. By expanding design-build authority to include

additional projects, the bill would expand the scope of the crime of perjury, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 1406](#) (Durazo D) Excluded employees: binding arbitration.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/2/2022-Referred to Coms. on P.E. & R. and JUD.

Location: 6/2/2022-A. P.E. & R.

Summary: Would enact the Excluded Employee Arbitration Act to permit an employee organization that represents an excluded employee who has filed certain grievances with the Department of Human Resources to request binding arbitration of the grievance if specified conditions are met. The bill would require the designation of a standing panel of arbitrators and, under specified circumstances, the provision of arbitrators from the California State Mediation and Conciliation Service within the Public Employment Relations Board. The bill would then require the arbitrator to be chosen in a specified manner and would prescribe the duties of that arbitrator.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 1424](#) (Nielsen R) Consumer affairs: the Department of Consumer Affairs.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 3/9/2022-Referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/18/2022-S. RLS.

Summary: Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of various professions and vocations by boards within the Department of Consumer Affairs. Current law requires those boards to waive the renewal fees, continuing education requirements, and other renewal requirements, if any are applicable, for any licensee or registrant called to active duty as a member of the United States Armed Forces or the California National Guard if certain requirements are met. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that requirement.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 1443](#) (Roth D) The Department of Consumer Affairs.

Current Text: Amended: 5/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/2/2022-Referred to Com. on B. & P.

Location: 6/2/2022-A. B.&P.

Summary: Under current law, the Department of Consumer Affairs is comprised of various boards, bureaus, commissions, committees, and similarly constituted agencies that license and regulate the practice of various professions and vocations. This bill would continue in existence several of these boards, bureaus, and commissions, including the Dental Board of California, the California Board of Accountancy, and the California Architects Board, among others, until January 1, 2025, and make related conforming changes.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 1448](#) (Bates R) Contractors: workers' compensation insurance reports.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 3/9/2022-Referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/18/2022-S. RLS.

Summary: The Contractors State License Law provides for the licensure and regulation of contractors by the Contractors State License Board within the Department of Consumer Affairs. Current law requires a licensed contractor, or applicant for licensure, except in specified cases, to have on file at all times with the board a current and valid Certificate of Workers' Compensation Insurance or Certification of Self-Insurance, as specified. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change in those provisions.

Position **Priority**
Watch

[SB 1451](#) (Borgeas R) Department of Consumer Affairs.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 3/9/2022-Referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/18/2022-S. RLS.

Summary: Current law establishes in the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency the Department of Consumer Affairs. Under existing law, the department is composed of various boards, bureaus, committees, and commissions. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to the latter provision.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SB 1477 **(Wieckowski D) Enforcement of judgments: wage garnishment.**

Current Text: Amended: 6/8/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2022

Status: 6/15/2022-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Location: 6/15/2022-A. THIRD READING

Summary: Current law sets forth procedures for the levy of a judgment debtor's wages when required to enforce a money judgment. Existing law specifies that the maximum amount of a judgment debtor's disposable earnings for any workweek that is subject to levy shall not exceed the lesser of certain specified percentages, including 50% of the amount by which the disposable earnings for the week exceed 40 times the state minimum hourly wage. Current law specifies certain multipliers to determine the maximum amount of disposable earning subject to levy for any pay period other than a weekly pay period. This bill would, in place of the percentage specified above, set the maximum amount of disposable earnings of a judgment debtor that is subject to levy at 10% of the amount by which the individual's disposable earnings for a given week exceed 80 times the state minimum hourly wage. The bill would increase the multipliers used to determine the maximum amount of earnings subject to levy for any pay period other than a weekly pay period. The bill would also specify that these provisions apply only to individuals earning less than specified amounts, including \$1,800 per week or \$7,800 per month, as applicable.

Position **Priority**
Watch

SCR 5 **(Melendez R) State of emergency: COVID-19: termination.**

Current Text: Amended: 2/2/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 12/22/2020

Status: 3/15/2022-March 15 hearing: Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 4. Noes 8.) Reconsideration granted.

Location: 2/10/2021-S. G.O.

Summary: This measure, in accordance with specified law, would declare that the state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor on March 4, 2020, is at an end, thereby terminating the emergency powers granted to the Governor as a result of that proclamation.

Position **Priority**
Watch

Total Measures: 105
Total Tracking Forms: 105